# Laburnum spp

#### **Common name:**

Laburnum

## Palatability to Livestock:

Seldom eaten.

### **Toxicity to Goats:**

High risk.

### **Toxicity to Other Species:**

Toxic to all livestock species and humans. Also domestic pets.

### **Poisonous Principle:**

- . Quinolizidine alkaloids,
- . Cystine, and cytisine,
- . Phytoagglutins.

### **Effects:**

Signs and symptoms;

- . Weakness, confusion,
- . Staggering, followed by convulsions and coma,
- . Gastroenteritis.

#### Health and Production Problems;

- . Animals recover slowly, or die.
- . Tainted milk.

#### *Treatment:*

See Vet.

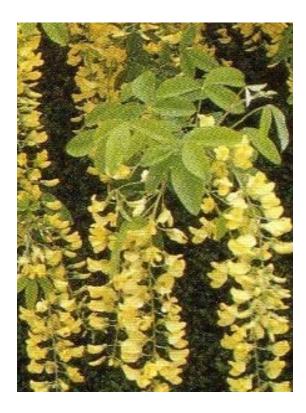
### **Integrated Control Strategy:**

- . Do not feed any of these clippings to any livestock.
- . Place cuttings and small plants in a disposable bag.

#### **Comments:**

- . A garden plant.
- . A deciduous tree to 7metres tall.
- . Leaflets are alternate, trifoliate and oval.
- . Flowers are golden yellow, pea shaped, in pendant clusters, from spring to summer.

- . Pod is downy, with black kidney shaped seeds.
- . All parts toxic, esp young fruit and seeds, even the honey is toxic.
- . A native of Southern Europe.



Picture: Laburnum spp

#### Further Reading:

- . Copeland. Poisonous Plants in Your Garden. 1977.
- . McBarron. Medical and Veterinary Aspects of Plant Poisons in NSW. 1976.
- . Shepherd. Pretty but Poisonous. 2004.

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